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When pain or irritation exists on any part of the body the application of Ballard's Snow Liniment will give prompt relief. Price, 25 and 50 cents. J. Jas. Wood & Son.

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JUST ARRIVED!
 Carload of fine Mixed Oats for Seed
M. C. RUSSELL & SON.

Tools and How to Use Them."—1. The teacher's library; five best books; four best papers; best lesson helps. 2. Class-

TWO MARRIED MEN.
It was one of the largest audiences of

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T & SON

dispirited? Take a few doses of Herbine. It will infuse new energy, new life into the exhausted nerves, the overworked brain or muscular system, and put a new face on life and business.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

D. HUNT

T & SON

LAWYERS AGREE.

Contests Over the Kentucky State
Offices Have Become Very
Much Simplified.

LEGAL TANGLE STRAIGHTENED OUT.

Multiplicity of Injunction Suits to Be
Consolidated and to Be Tried
As Soon As Possible.

The First Hearing Will Be Before
Judge Emmett Field at Louis-
ville—Appointments May Be Taken
by Either Side.

Frankfort, Ky., Feb. 22.—The con-
tests over the state offices are very
much simplified by an agreement entered
into between republican and
democratic attorneys, representing
both sides and straightening out the
legal tangle over the multiplicity of
injunction suits over the title to the
governorship. The gist of the agree-
ment is that there shall be a speedy
trial in the courts on an agreed case
involving all the suits. The first hear-
ing will be before Judge Emmett Field
at Louisville. The agreement in full
is as follows:

There are now pending in the Jefferson
circuit court two suits entitled
respectively W. S. Taylor vs. J. C. W.
Beckham, etc., and John Marshall vs.
J. C. W. Beckham, etc., and another
suit in the name of J. C. W. Beckham
vs. W. S. Taylor and John Marshall
to be filed in said court. Process has
been served in the first named two
suits, and the defendants agree to
come to enter their appearance in the
last named suit. All of said suits are
to be placed upon the ordinary dock-
et and tried by the court on the law
and facts.

Once served and subsequent pleadings
in the two first named suits may be
filed and applied to both these suits
they to be consolidated, the same evi-
dence shall be heard in all the cases,
the three cases being tried and heard
together. The pleadings in the first
named suit, by Tuesday, February 27,
1900, or sooner if it can be done. The
evidence shall be by deposition or
written unless otherwise agreed upon
and shall be taken as soon as possible,
within ten days from the time the
pleadings are closed.

In preparation of the said cases in
the circuit court all parties agree, in
good faith, to do all they can to speed
the final determination of the cases
on their merits; and it is hereby
agreed that all parties desire to
introduce in evidence the proceeding
of the contest boards or of the gen-
eral assembly, such party may
produce evidence copies of the transcript
of such proceedings and evidence, fur-
nished the counsel by Alonzo
Wadler, the official stenographer
for said contest board, the
necessity for having such trans-
cript attested or certified be hereby
waived, but nothing herein shall be
construed to waive any objection to
relevancy and competency of any or
all evidence introduced or offered on
the trial of the said cases. When the
said cause shall have been finally de-
termined in the circuit court, then if
either party shall desire to appeal to
the court of appeals it is hereby
agreed that all parties hereto will
unite in a request to the said court
to docket said cases immediately and
advance them for hearing at the ear-
liest day upon which the court can
hear them.

It is further agreed that on such
appeal the original record used in
the circuit court, if voluminous, shall
be taken to the court of appeals as
part of the record on the appeal with-
out being copied, thus saving time and
cost. Should any party, after the final
determination of the cases by the
court of appeals, desire a writ of er-
ror to the supreme court of the United
States, to review such determination,
it is agreed that such writ shall be
immediately applied for and dis-
cretely prosecuted, if secured, and that
all parties to said cases will unite in
an application to said supreme court
to docket and advance said cases and
to give them the earliest hearing and
determination possible. The said cases
shall be tried in the Jefferson
circuit court by Judge Emmett Field,
before whom one of the said cases is
now pending.

It is further agreed by the parties
to the said suits that they will sub-
mit to the supreme court of the United
States, and abide by all the orders and
judgments of the courts made in said
suits, reserving, however, the legal
right to apply proceedings on such or-
ders or judgments in any manner pro-
vided by law.

W. S. Taylor, John Marshall, by Yost
& Bruce, Attorneys; C. W. Beckham,
H. H. Carter, John H. Castle-
man, by Louis McQuinn and John
K. Hendrick, Attorneys.

There is general agreement in political
circles over the agreement between the
attorneys, as it is conceded the
matter will be passed to a speedy tri-
al. Both sides are pleased over the
terms agreed on. Ex-Chief Justice W.
S. Taylor, one of Beckham's attorneys,
said he thought it entirely probable
that the agreed case would be decided
so far as the state courts are con-
cerned, within three weeks. The at-
torneys on that side all say they have
no fear that the supreme court of the
United States will grant a writ of er-
ror to the court of appeals, but a decision
by the court of appeals, by the republi-
can attorneys, is being much more
by the opinion that the supreme court
will take jurisdiction and hear the
case.

OUR WAR ABOUT ENDED.

Military Operations in Philippines
Will Soon Close and Civil Govern-
ment Will Be Established.

Washington, Feb. 22.—According to
information received at the war de-
partment from Manila, with the end
of the present expedition of Gen.
Luzon, military operations in the
Philippines will close. Afterward, it
is said, there is nothing to do but
to undertake to maintain order through
a police system. Attention is now be-
ing given to that subject, and steps
are being taken to form a thoroughly
mobile, lightly armed gendarmerie,
something on the order of the Cana-
dian mounted police, to cover the
interior at all points and conserve the
energies of the regular troops.

The arrest of a Tagal on the charge
of being a guerrilla, as reported from
Manila, it is said at the war de-
partment, marks the initiation of another
policy toward the insurgents who still
remain under arms. As the summary
punishment of guerrillas has not been
had until some action has been taken
to declare the termination of the ap-
plication of the rules of war, it is as-
sumed at the war department that
Gen. O'Connell has already issued some
kind of a proclamation or notice to the
insurgents warning them that if they de-
fied the rule of war and pursue a pre-
dictary warfare, they will be treated as
guerrillas when captured.

The president is directing special
attention to the formation of the new
Philippine commission, acting on the
advice that the army has reached the
end of its functions in the islands and
that the time is ripe for the establish-
ment of civil government throughout
the archipelago. It is hoped that the
commission will be completed before the
end of next week. It appears that Mr.
Dewey was obliged to decline respon-
sibility as a commissioner on ac-
count of physical inability to attend
the hard work that will be involved
throughout the visit to all the islands
and set up local governments.

PHILIPPINE CASUALTIES.

Gen. O'Connell Reports in Washington the
Names of the Soldiers Recently
Killed or Wounded.

Washington, Feb. 22.—Gen. O'Connell's
last casualty list follows, dated at Ma-
nila, Feb. 19:

Killed—Lincoln Miller, Harry E. Ho-
lar (corporal), John T. Larkin and
William Smith.

Wounded—William Bullis, arm, se-
verely; Marion F. Schaffer, leg, slight;
Frank Chapman, foot, severe; Charles
Silver, head, slight; Harry Seymour,
first sergeant, hand, slight; Edward
M. Holt, hand, slight; Anthony L.
Schneider, forehead, slight; Perrin L.
Smith, first lieutenant, arm, moder-
ately; Napoleon D. Burgess, corporal
forearm, moderate; Biran C. Baker,
captain, arm, perforated; Albert M. Pe-
tite, first lieutenant, legs, moderate;
Edmund J. Smith, captain, shoulder, se-
vere; Milton Lane, arm, slight; John
Seeburger, corporal, face; John W.
Fells, thigh, slight.

GREAT LOSS OF LIFE.

Three Hundred and Twenty Houses
in a Spanish Town Burned and
the Fire is Still Raging.

Valdodid, Spain, Feb. 22.—About
320 houses of the town of Ataqueles
have been destroyed by a conflagra-
tion which, as this dispatch is filed,
threatens to wipe out the place. There
has been great loss of life, and several
of the inhabitants have been killed as a
result of their terrible experience.

The governor and minister of the
interior have gone to Ataqueles for
the purpose of providing for the neces-
sary provisions. Great suffering is
expected to follow.

Spain Has Islands Left.

Washington, Feb. 22.—Upon repre-
sentation of the Spanish government
to the effect that some of the islands
south of the Philippine archipelago
which had been taken possession of
by the United States were not under
the property of Spain the authori-
ties of the state department have
examined the charts and concluded to
direct the withdrawal of the claims
to the island of (Nagayuan, Sulu, and
Cebu, both of which lie without
the boundary lines laid down by the
treaty of Paris.

Station Passengers Injured.

Chippewa Falls, Wis., Feb. 22.—West
bound passenger train No. 1 on the
Wisconsin Central was derailed three
miles from Chippewa Falls, and the
wreck was the breaking of the rear
wheel of the tender which was
derailed, causing the wreck of the en-
tire train and the engine, which did
not leave the track. The engineer
and fireman escaped without injuries.
About 16 passengers were injured
but none of the injuries were so bad
as bruises or sprains.

Pennsylvania Town Burning.

Berndorf, Pa., Feb. 22.—A special
to the Era from Hazel Pa., says
the town is burning. Already four
buildings have been destroyed and
the flames are rapidly consuming the
business portion of the town. The
hydrants are frozen and there are no
means of fighting the flames.

Making Canal Arrangements.

Managua, Nicaragua, Feb. 22.—The
members of the United States canal
commission will remain here until
February 27. They have had several
conferences with President Zelaya.
All are in good health. They will go
to Panama by way of Corinto.

Resolving an Agreement.

Washington, Feb. 22.—The confer-
ences on the financial bill are in ses-
sion nearly all day and the indica-
tions are that all points of dispute
will be reconciled soon.

DESPERATE FIGHT

Gen. Cronje Surrounded at Paar-
deberg Drift But Offering a
Stubborn Resistance.

BRITISH SHELL BOMBS VIGOROUSLY.

Lord Roberts Sends a List of Casual-
ties But Gives No Details of
the Recent Engagements.

No News Given That By the British
Was Killed, and Great Unhappiness
Is Felt That Disaster Has
Overtaken British Forces.

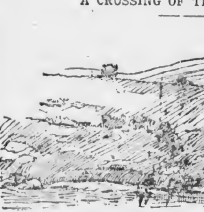
Cape Town, Feb. 22.—A special cor-
respondent of the Cape Argus says:
"Gen. Cronje is surrounded at Paar-
deberg Drift, but is offering a stubborn
resistance. The British are shelling
the Boers vigorously and expect to
capture the whole force."

AS VIEWED IN LONDON.

The War Office Not Giving Out Any-
thing Causes Great Anxiety and
Fears of a British Disaster.

London, Feb. 22.—Lord Roberts' list
of 49 killed and wounded officers, in-
cluding two generals, in the engage-
ments up to Sunday evening, causes
anxiety, especially as in the officers' list
neither the losses of the Welsh

A CROSSING OF THE TUGELA RIVER.



SHOWING THE USE OF OX TEAMS IN MAKING THE FORD.

and Essex regiments nor those of the
mounted infantry are included. This
is about the number that fell at Co-
leno, where the noncommissioned of-
ficers and men brought the total
losses to 803.

It is considered strange that Lord
Roberts gives no information as to the
results of the fighting. If he has made such
a report, the war office is withholding
it. Moreover, nothing is known as to
what took place Monday, Tuesday and
Wednesday.

This absence of details from Lord
Roberts' dispatch, contrasted with his
rather full narratives during the first
part of his operations, produces un-
easiness among military observers. All
the comment in the morning news-
papers, both editorial and critical, is
threwed with the disturbing sugges-
tion that, despite hard fighting, Gen.
Cronje has been able to beat off his
pursuers, has escaped and is being re-
inforced by rail from Ladysmith and
by forces on foot and on horseback
from Northern Cape Colony, as well
as the late belaguerers of Kimberley.

As the correspondents with Lord
Roberts are silent the telegrams from
Boer sources receive some counter-
balance. The latter aver that Gen.
Cronje, while the British were en-
gaged, endeavored to surround him between
Paardeberg and Koodoos Rand, re-
ceived reinforcements under Dewet
and that together the Boer command-
ers fought the British to a standstill.
However all this may be, public opin-
ion will not be reassured until the
war office issues explicit statements
of success, which of course would
clear away the gathering doubts re-
specting the uninterrupted success of
Lord Roberts' forward movement.
No one doubts his ultimate success,
but there is a fear of temporary dis-
appointment and that a lot of hard
fighting is yet ahead of the British.

WAR ONLY BEGIN.

Views of a Cape Town Correspond-
ent of the London Daily Mail—
Advice to Great Britain.

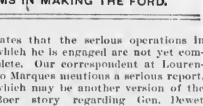
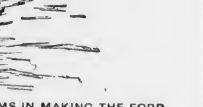
London, Feb. 22.—The Cape Town
correspondent of the Daily Mail says:
"It is of the very gravest importance
that the British public should not be
carried away by recent successes into

a belief that the war is practically
over. Nothing could be more fatal to
a satisfactory prosecution of the war
and, above all, to a satisfactory settle-
ment of the whole country after the
war, than any relaxation of military
activity, any stoppage of reinforce-
ments, and temporizing or bargaining
with the Free State or the Transvaal
through mistaken ideas of amity to-
ward an assuagingly beaten foe."
The highest authorities and soundest
opinion here say that the war has
really only just begun in earnest. In-
deed, they say that the real struggle
will only begin when the present mili-
tary operations end.

"The best reason for asserting
that an attempt is likely to be
made by Boer supporters in the col-
ony to force any terms for the Free
State, now or soon, by holding out
a threat of a Dutch rising in the col-
ony. Any idea of leaving the Free
State its independence would be fatal
to British interests. The British peo-
ple must not deceive themselves into
thinking that it is now only a wait
over. They have a most dangerously
subtle and powerful foe to deal with
in more ways than it would be polit-
ic to discuss publicly.

"There should be no halting in send-
ing troops. A quarter of a million
of British troops would be none too
many. The more we have and the
sooner they are here the quicker will
be the end of the war and the surer
will be the settlement that is to
mean justice to everyone, Dutch and
British alike, and lasting peace and
certain prosperity to South Africa."

Lord Roberts' Work Unfinished.
London, Feb. 22.—The Times says
editorially: "The silence of Lord Rob-
erts is susceptible to more interpreta-
tions than one, but it certainly indi-



cates that the serious operations in
which he is engaged are not yet com-
plete. Our correspondent at Louren-
co Marques mentions a serious report,
which may be another version of the
Boer story regarding Gen. Dewet
that comes from Pretoria, or of the
capture of the Boer river convoy. If
both events have occurred it would be
a curious coincidence."

BOERS' ACCOUNT.

"Brilliant Victory" Over the British—
Troops Van at Modder River—
All Quiet in Ladysmith.

London, Feb. 22.—The Daily Mail
has the following dispatch from Lou-
renco Marques, dated February 21:
"Boer newspapers dated February 19
report that Gen. Dewet won a 'brilliant
victory' over the British troops at
Modder river."

"Gen. Joubert reports being defeated
by the British cavalry column which
got into Kimberley. He retreated to
Riverside, 15 miles north of Kimberley,
with all his guns lost and seven killed."

"According to the same papers, Gen.
Cronje succeeded in getting away from
Paardeberg, and is now in the hands
of the news that he is holding all his posi-
tions and that the Boer command
is endeavoring to surround him between
Paardeberg and Koodoos Rand."

"The Boers expect a general engage-
ment on the Tugela. All is quiet at
Ladysmith."

Pierce Fighting Expected.

London, Feb. 22.—Winston Church-
ill, in a dispatch from Chicago dated
February 21, says he still expects
fierce fighting before Ladysmith is re-
lieved and he again urges the impera-
tive necessity of pouring a continuous
stream of men, guns and supplies into
the cape. He declares that soldiers
are wanted in South Africa and not
at Aldershot. Meanwhile he says
"My encouraging signs that the
Boers are wearying of the struggle."

Boers Make a Capture.

London, Feb. 22.—The Times has
the following from Lourenco Mar-
ques dated February 21: "According
to a Boer account, Gen. Dewet claims
to have captured in an attack upon
the rear guard of Gen. Cronje's col-
umn 100 wagons of provisions and
ammunition, 3,000 oxen and 50 men."

SHORT SPECIALS.

The authorities in Denver are mak-
ing an effort to close all gambling
houses in that city.

Several business firms were burned
out at New Denton, Ala. The fire
was caused by an explosion of powder.

The redoubt convention between the
United States and Jamaica was
approved by the Jamaican legislature.

Charles Kernu, of Harrison, N. Y.,
has filed a petition in bankruptcy. Li-
abilities, \$674,003; actual assets, \$122,-
665.

The British house of parliament re-
jected by a vote of 232 to 126 the
second reading of the Irish evicted ten-
ants bill.

A chain gang of convicts at Colum-
bia, S. C., attacked Amos Carter, a
guard, and killed him with an ax.
Three prisoners escaped.

The census examining board will
leave Washington March 17 for Chi-
cago, where examinations will be held
from March 24 to 27 inclusive.

Representative Lentz, of Ohio, has
introduced in the house a bill to pro-
vide for the public distribution of a
United States map to all schools in
the United States.

The United States cruiser "Detroit"
arrived at Mobile, Ala., from Key
West, having been sent to that city by
the secretary of war to may to attend
the Mobile carnival.

The schedules in the assignment of
Tunstall & Co., stock brokers, of New
York city, show: Liabilities, \$203,501;
nominal assets, \$7,725; actual assets,
\$48,774. The firm assigned on January
31.

The annual report of the postmas-
ter general shows that from wrecks
and other casualties death resulted to
six railway mail clerks; 50 were in-
jured seriously and 102 slightly dur-
ing the past year.

Frederick W. Peck, consul-general
of the United States to the West
Virginia exposition, accompanied by Mrs.
Peck, his daughter Alice and his son
Spaulding, sailed from New York on
the steamship St. Louis.

The smallpox epidemic in West Vir-
ginia has caused considerable trouble
there with the transportation and de-
livery of mail. The chief difficulty is
that the postmasters do not under-
stand how to properly fumigate mail.

Gen. Wool has named four inspec-
tors of Cuban schools, one each for the
provinces of Havana, Matanzas, Pinar
del Principe and Santiago, whose duty
it will be particularly to inspect all
the schools in their respective prov-
inces. The salary will be \$2,400 a year
and an allowance of \$3 per day will be
made for expenses.

WEDNESDAY'S NEWS IN BRIEF.

Benj. Wood, proprietor of the New
York Daily News, is dead.

Ex-Congressman Cass C. Constock
died in Grand Rapids, Mich., at the
age of 82 years.

Dr. Leslie Keeley, inventor of "gold
cure," died suddenly at his winter
home near Los Angeles, Cal.

Henry Unit Trail, editor of litera-
ture, and a well-known Englishman
was a paper man and author, died in Lon-
don.

Gen. Hector Macdonald, commander
of the Highlander brigade, and Maj.
Knox were wounded, the former seri-
ously.

It is understood that Gen. Lafe B.
Wheeler, Memphis, Tenn., will be
appointed a member of the new Phil-
ippine commission.

Judge Taft gave notice that he had
granted an appeal in the case of W. O.
Bradley, who is in custody in con-
testants for state offices in Kentucky.

President McKinley will appoint a
woman commissioner to represent the
United States and the D. A. R. at the
unveiling of the statue of Lafayette
in Paris.

At Benton Harbor, Mich., Alvin
Feisler, well-to-do farmer and fruit
grower, shot his wife and then
drove himself in jail. A woman.
The wife may recover.

Taylor's attorneys and those of
Beckham held a conference in regard
to the proposed agreement for the
trial of the cases.

The republicans submitted a propo-
sition to submit an agreed case to
Judge Field, of the Louisville common
pleas court, this to be carried to the
state courts and up to the supreme
court of the United States.

THE MARKET.

Cincinnati, Feb. 21.
FLOUR—Spring family, \$2.10; 20-lb.
spring family, \$2.10; spring patent,
\$3.70; 35-lb. winter family, \$3.10; 35-lb.
winter family, \$3.40; 50-lb. winter pat-
ent, \$4.00; 50-lb. winter patent, \$4.00;
low grade, \$1.75; 35-lb. 100.

GRAIN—Wheat: No. 2 red, track,
73¢; corn: No. 2 mixed, track,
35¢; oats: No. 2 white, track, 28¢.

LIVE STOCK—Hogs: Select ship-
pers, \$5.05; 5.07; select butchers, \$5.05;
5.05; fair to good packers, \$4.65; 4.65;
fair to medium packers, \$4.40; 4.40;
common and roughs, \$4.25; 4.25. Cattle:
Fair to good shippers, \$4.40; 4.25;
good to choice butchers, \$4.25; 4.25;
fair to medium butchers, \$4.00; 4.00;
common, \$3.65; 3.25. Sheep: Select ship-
pers, \$3.65; 3.75; good to choice, \$3.65;
3.65; common to fair, \$3.50; 3.75. Lambs:
Good to choice, \$3.65; 3.65; common
to fair, \$3.65; 3.65. Veal: Fair to
good light, \$3.75; 3.75; common and
large, \$3.55; 3.55.

Chicago, Feb. 21.—Wheat: No. 2 red,
70¢; 70¢; No. 3 do, 68¢; 68¢; No. 3
hard winter, 66¢; 67¢; No. 3 do, 68¢;
68¢; No. 2 1/2 red, 70¢; 70¢; No. 2 1/2
spring, 68¢; No. 2 do, 67¢; 67¢; No. 2
spring, 65¢; 65¢; No. 2 do, 64¢; 64¢; No. 3,
34¢; 34¢; No. 2 do, 34¢; 34¢; No. 3,
32¢; 32¢.

Corn: No. 2 1/2 red, 70¢; 70¢; No. 2 1/2
spring, 68¢; No. 2 do, 67¢; 67¢; No. 2
spring, 65¢; 65¢; No. 2 do, 64¢; 64¢; No. 3,
34¢; 34¢; No. 2 do, 34¢; 34¢; No. 3,
32¢; 32¢.

Oats: No. 2 white, 28¢; 28¢; No. 2
mixed, 25¢; 25¢; No. 3 do, 24¢; 24¢; No. 4
do, 23¢; 23¢.

Barley: No. 2 1/2 red, 70¢; 70¢; No. 2 1/2
spring, 68¢; No. 2 do, 67¢; 67¢; No. 2
spring, 65¢; 65¢; No. 2 do, 64¢; 64¢; No. 3,
34¢; 34¢; No. 2 do, 34¢; 34¢; No. 3,
32¢; 32¢.

Butter: No. 1, 18¢; 18¢; No. 2, 17¢; 17¢;
No. 3, 16¢; 16¢; No. 4, 15¢; 15¢; No. 5,
14¢; 14¢; No. 6, 13¢; 13¢; No. 7, 12¢; 12¢;
No. 8, 11¢; 11¢; No. 9, 10¢; 10¢; No. 10,
9¢; 9¢; No. 11, 8¢; 8¢; No. 12, 7¢; 7¢;
No. 13, 6¢; 6¢; No. 14, 5¢; 5¢; No. 15,
4¢; 4¢; No. 16, 3¢; 3¢; No. 17, 2¢; 2¢;
No. 18, 1¢; 1¢; No. 19, 0¢; 0¢; No. 20,
0¢; 0¢.

Eggs: No. 1, 18¢; 18¢; No. 2, 17¢; 17¢;
No. 3, 16¢; 16¢; No. 4, 15¢; 15¢; No. 5,
14¢; 14¢; No. 6, 13¢; 13¢; No. 7, 12¢; 12¢;
No. 8, 11¢; 11¢; No. 9, 10¢; 10¢; No. 10,
9¢; 9¢; No. 11, 8¢; 8¢; No. 12, 7¢; 7¢;
No. 13, 6¢; 6¢; No. 14, 5¢; 5¢; No. 15,
4¢; 4¢; No. 16, 3¢; 3¢; No. 17, 2¢; 2¢;
No. 18, 1¢; 1¢; No. 19, 0¢; 0¢; No. 20,
0¢; 0¢.

Beans: No. 1, 18¢; 18¢; No. 2, 17¢; 17¢;
No. 3, 16¢; 16¢; No. 4, 15¢; 15¢; No. 5,
14¢; 14¢; No. 6, 13¢; 13¢; No. 7, 12¢; 12¢;
No. 8, 11¢; 11¢; No. 9, 10¢; 10¢; No. 10,
9¢; 9¢; No. 11, 8¢; 8¢; No. 12, 7¢; 7¢;
No. 13, 6¢; 6¢; No. 14, 5¢; 5¢; No. 15,
4¢; 4¢; No. 16, 3¢; 3¢; No. 17, 2¢; 2¢;
No. 18, 1¢; 1¢; No. 19, 0¢; 0¢; No. 20,
0¢; 0¢.

Peas: No. 1, 18¢; 18¢; No. 2, 17¢; 17¢;
No. 3, 16¢; 16¢; No. 4, 15¢; 15¢; No. 5,
14¢; 14¢; No. 6, 13¢; 13¢; No. 7, 12¢; 12¢;
No. 8, 11¢; 11¢; No. 9, 10¢; 10¢; No. 10,
9¢; 9¢; No. 11, 8¢; 8¢; No. 12, 7¢; 7¢;
No. 13, 6¢; 6¢; No. 14, 5¢; 5¢; No. 15,
4¢; 4¢; No. 16, 3¢; 3¢; No. 17, 2¢; 2¢;
No. 18, 1¢; 1¢; No. 19, 0¢; 0¢; No. 20,
0¢; 0¢.

Lentils: No. 1, 18¢; 18¢; No. 2, 17¢; 17¢;
No. 3, 16¢; 16¢; No. 4, 15¢; 15¢; No. 5,
14¢; 14¢; No. 6, 13¢; 13¢; No. 7, 12¢; 12¢;
No. 8, 11¢; 11¢; No. 9, 10¢; 10¢; No. 10,
9¢; 9¢; No. 11, 8¢; 8¢; No. 12, 7¢; 7¢;
No. 13, 6¢; 6¢; No. 14, 5¢; 5¢; No. 15,
4¢; 4¢;

